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| 1913 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 住友総本店の直営事業として愛媛県新居浜に肥料製造所を設置 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The House of Sumitomo began to produce fertilizers from sulfur dioxide generated in copper smelting in Ehime, Japan. |
| 1925 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 株式会社住友肥料製造所として独立新発足（現在の愛媛工場） | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Fertilizer Manufacturing Co., Ltd. was established at the Ehime Works. |
| 1934 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 商号を住友化学工業株式会社と変更 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Fertilizer Manufacturing Co., Ltd. changed its name to Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. |
| 1944 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 日本染料製造株式会社を合併して、染料、医薬品部門に進出（現在の大阪・大分工場） | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Chemical acquired Japan Dyestuff Manufacturing Company, setting up a base for fine chemicals production including agrochemicals and pharmaceuticals. |
| 1958 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 愛媛工場でエチレンおよび誘導品の生産を開始し、石油化学部門に進出 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Chemical started petrochemical operations at the Ehime Works. |
| 1965 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 住友千葉化学工業株式会社を設立（1975年同社を合併、現在の千葉工場） | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Chiba Chemical Co., Ltd. was established and began petrochemical operations at the Chiba Works. |
| 1971 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 宝塚総合研究所を設置、医薬・農薬部門の研究体制を強化 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Takarazuka Research Center was established to reinforce research and development activities for pharmaceuticals and agricultural chemicals. |
| 1978 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 三沢工場の操業開始により、ピレスロイド系の家庭用殺虫剤の生産体制を強化 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Misawa Works was opened to expand production of pyrethroid household insecticides. |
| 1982 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> インドネシア・アサハン・アルミニウムが操業開始 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> P.T. Indonesia Asahan Aluminium began aluminum smelting operations. |
| 1983 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 愛媛工場のエチレンプラントおよび誘導品の一部を休止し、千葉工場へ生産集中 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Chemical integrated the petrochemical operations at the Ehime Works into the Chiba Works. |
| 1984 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 稲畑産業株式会社との間で住友製薬株式会社を設立 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. was established by consolidating the pharmaceuticals operations of Sumitomo Chemical and the pharmaceuticals division of Inabata & Co., Ltd., a Japanese trading house. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> シンガポール石油化学コンビナートが操業開始 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Petrochemical Complex in Singapore (Petrochemical Corporation of Singapore (Pte.) Ltd. and The Polyolefin Company (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.) began operations. |
| 1988 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ペーラントU.S.A.コーポレーションを米国に設立 大阪工場内に安全性研究棟（現在の生物環境科学研究所）を設置 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valent U.S.A. Corporation was established in California, U.S.A. The Biochemistry & Toxicology Laboratory, subsequently renamed the Environmental Health Science Laboratory, was established at the Osaka Works. |
| 1989 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 筑波研究所を設置 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Tsukuba Research Laboratory was established. |
| 1998 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> シンガポールでのアクリル酸、MMAプロジェクトが操業開始 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Chemical and its subsidiaries and affiliates began production of acrylic acid, its derivatives, and MMA monomer and polymer in Singapore. |
| 2000 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> アボット・ラボラトリーズ社から生物農薬関連事業を買収 住友製薬株式会社と共同運営のゲノム科学研究所を同社研究本部に設立 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sumitomo Chemical acquired the agricultural chemicals business of Abbott Laboratories. Genomic Science Laboratory was established, operated jointly by Sumitomo Chemical and Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals. |

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| 2001 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ アベンティス・クロップサイエンス社から家庭用殺虫剤関連事業を買収 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Sumitomo Chemical acquired the household insecticide business of Aventis CropScience S.A. |
| 2002 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 武田薬品工業株式会社の農薬事業を同社との合弁子会社住化武田農薬株式会社に譲り受けて営業開始 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Joint venture Sumitomo Chemical Takeda Agro Co., Ltd. commenced operations after the agrochemicals business was transferred from JV partner Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited. |
| 2003 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 韓国にて第5世代の液晶ディスプレイ用カラーフィルターおよび偏光フィルムの生産を開始 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Production of 5th-generation LCD color filters and polarizing film was begun in Korea. |
| 2004 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 台湾の子会社住華科技が偏光フィルムの生産を開始 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Subsidiary Sumika Technology Co., Ltd. began production of polarizing films in Taiwan. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 商号を住友化学株式会社と変更 | |
| 2005 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ サウジアラムコとサウジアラビアのラービグにおける石油精製と石油化学の統合コンプレックス建設に合意し、合弁会社ラービグ・リファイニング・アンド・ペトロケミカル・カンパニー(ペトロ・ラービグ)を設立 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Agreement was signed with Saudi Aramco for the construction of an integrated refining and petrochemical complex in Rabigh, Saudi Arabia. Established the Rabigh Refining and Petrochemical Company (Petro Rabigh). |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 住友製薬株式会社と大日本製薬株式会社が合併し、子会社の大日本住友製薬株式会社が発足 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals and Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. merged to form Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd. |
| 2007 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 高分子有機ELデバイス開発のパイオニアであるケンブリッジ・ディスプレイ・テクノロジーを買収 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Sumitomo Chemical acquired Cambridge Display Technology Inc., a pioneer in the development of polymer organic light-emitting diode displays, as a wholly owned subsidiary. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 住化武田農薬株式会社を吸収合併 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Sumitomo Chemical merged Sumitomo Chemical Takeda Agro Co., Ltd. |
| 2008 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ペトロ・ラービグがサウジアラビア株式市場に上場 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Petro Rabigh listed its shares on the Saudi Arabian stock exchange. |
| 2009 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ペトロ・ラービグが稼働を開始 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Petro Rabigh started operations. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 大日本住友製薬株式会社が米国医薬品会社セプラコール(現サノビオン)を買収 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd. acquired Sepracor Inc. (current Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc.), a U.S.-based pharmaceutical company. |
| 2010 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 豪州農薬会社ニューファームの発行済株式の20%を取得 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Acquired 20% of issued ordinary shares of Australian agrochemicals company Nufarm Limited. |
| 2011 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 統合失調症治療剤ラツダを米国にて上市 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Market launch of Latuda® (agent for the treatment of schizophrenia) in U.S.A. |
| 2012 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 大日本住友製薬株式会社が米国医薬品会社ボストンバイオメディカル社を買収 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd. acquired Boston Biomedical, Inc., a U.S.-based pharmaceutical company. |
| 2015 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 千葉工場エチレン設備およびスチレンモノマー・プロピレンオキシド併産法設備等を停止 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Closed down an ethylene plant and a styrene monomer/propylene oxide co-production plant at the Chiba Works. |
| 2018 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ラービグ第2期計画の誘導品本格生産開始 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Began full-scale production of derivative goods in Rabigh Phase II Project. |